

THE NEW YORK HERALD

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. V. NO. 14.

NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1856.

WHOLE NO. 222.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THOMAS PYNE, M. D.,

LICENTIATE of the College of Physicians.

Licentiate of the College of Surgeons.

Fellow of the University of Geneva.

Licentiate of the Apothecaries' Hall of Ireland.

Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians.

Dublin, Ireland.

Licensed to practice Midwifery, Surgery and Medicine in Canada East and Canada West.

Licensed to practice as a General Medical Practitioner in all His Majesty's dominions and Colonies wherever situated.

Will be found (unless when absent on professional business) at his Residence, Garbutt Hill,

NEWMARKET.

Newmarket, C. W., October 31st, 1854.

ff-39

Newmarket Iron Foundry.

JAMES ALLAN began to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES,

MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles

usually required in his line of business.

A number of SUGAR KETTLES,

STOVES, and PLOUGHES, on hand for sale.

Newmarket, Friday 10th 1854.

ff-1

F. W. BATHRICK,

TEACHER of Music, Newmarket, C. W. Pianos tuned to order, in Town or Country, on the shortest notice. RESIDENCE—House of Mr. Brodie.

Newmarket, Sept: 6, 1855.

ff-31

T. BOTSFORD,

SADDLER, harness and Trunk maker, one door south of the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Newmarket, Dec. 1st, 1854.

43y1

J. SAXTON,

WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and Warranted.

WANTED—an Apprentice to learn the Business.

Newmarket, September 9, 1853.

ff-32

A. BOULTBEE,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket.

Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855.

ff-36

R. MOORE,

SOLICITOR, Attorney Conveyancer, &c., OFFICE

IN THE NEW COURT HOUSE, NEXT TO THE COURTS OFFICE, TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 17, 1854.

ff-32

JOHN R. JONES,

ATTORNEY-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery,

Conveyancer, &c., Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.

Toronto, June 20, 1855.

23-1

Messrs. FORD & GROVER,

ELECTRIC Physicians, Newmarket, keep

constantly on hand a variety of Medicines of their

own compound, adapted to the various diseases in

incident to the changeable climate in which we live.

Also, the Celebrated American Oil, for the cure of

Rheumatism, Cancerous Tumors, Old Sores, Sciatica,

Head, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Cuts, Burns,

Bruises, &c.; together with a general assortment of

approved Patent Medicines. Prompt attention to

all who may favor us with a call. Advice at the

office gratis.

Newmarket, April 7th, 1854.

ff-9

MANSION HOUSE,

MAIN Street Newmarket, kept by Thomas

Moser. Good Sheds and Stabling, and first-

rate accommodation.

Newmarket, Feb. 9, 1855.

ff-1

F. F. PASSMORE, P. L. S.

OFFICE—Yonge Street, Holland Landing.

Holland Landing, July 19, 1855.

66-1

ANGUS M'INTOSH,

ACCOUNTANT, Broker Conveyancer, General

Commissioner, Land and District Court Agent,

Holland Landing, c. w.

ff-16

NORTH RICHARDSON,

CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c., Commiss-

ioner in the Queen's Bench. Office—Old

Stand. Prospect St. Patents of Inventions pro-

cessed Newmarket, 1855.

ff-1

Mansion House, Sharon,

KEPT BY James H. Wilson. This establishment

has been lately painted and refitted, for the ac-

commodation of travellers. Good sheds and

stabling.

Sharon, June 14, 1855.

ff-19

BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS.

A LOT Blank Account Books, such as Ledgers,

Day Books, &c., rule, for Double and Single

entry, for sale cheap. Apply at the

NEW ERA OFFICE,

Newmarket, November 29th, 1855.

ff-41

John T. Stokes,

ARCHITECT and Builder, SHARON, Canada.

A. West.

Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856.

ff-51

Robert Cooke,

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Newmar-

ket and Vicinity, his intention of commencing

business and is now ready to CONTRACT for a

work in his line. From his experience as a Builder

both in the city and country, he flatters himself to

give general satisfaction.

Prospect Street, Newmarket, Jan. 24, 1856.

ff-41

Poetry.

The Last Look at the Stars.

O h raise me in the bed mother, and let me look once more,
Upon the bonny twinkling stars that gem the blue sky o'er.
As brightly as they shone upon my childhood's opening flower;
They will keep smiling, smiling still, upon my dying hour.

Oh, glorious and bright, mother, these fair stars will still shine,
But they'll shun another night mother, for other eyes than mine,
You'll look upon them, mother, as you watch beside my bed.
Any they'll keep smiling, smiling on, o'er the mourner dead.

I've loved their gentle, light, mother, since I first knew their ray,
You remember how I wondered once why they never shone by day—

How I used to watch them from the spot where my dead brother lies,
And think those tiny sparkling things must be the angels' eyes.

They'll shine as bright as now, mother, when I am dead and gone.

When the turf is on my brow, mother, and the moss upon my stone,
Do you think that it is true, mother, as some old stories tell,
That the spirit of the pardoned ones in those pure orbs may dwell.

You will be childless now mother, and widowed and alone,
It must be hard to live on earth when all we loved are gone;

To listen all the day in vain for one kind house-hold tone;
To know the world's not one heart that we can call our own.

You'll think of me mother in the solemn twilight hour,
When the dew is on the rustling leaf and on the flower.

When the quiet earth lies sleeping, when the weary birds are still,
And nothing but the cool night is whispering on the hill.

When the lady moon is looking down o'er mountain moor, and sea,

You will sit in her holy light and sadly think of me, And when the stars I loved so well shine out so sweet and fair,

You'll look back upon their glorious home and think that I am there.

Canada.

R. A. F.

Literature.

A Victim of Mirthfulness.

CONFIDENTIAL DISCLOSURE OF AN OLD MAID.

I may safely say that the organ of mirthfulness has been the cause of most of the misfortunes of my life. While still a small child I exhibited the propensity of laughing at anything that struck me as being ludicrous, no matter where, when, or how it was.

At one time I was to a funeral with my mother. It was the funeral of a young lady who was very much beloved, and of course lamented. Every one was in tears, when, on turning towards a window, I saw two men sitting, one of whom was noted for his length of nose, the other because he had none. It was too much for my risibles—I choked, coughed and sneezed—but it would not do; laugh I must, and laugh I did. Suddenly a shadow fell across my eyes, and a fleshy protuberance resembling a barbed hook, travelled some distance across my nose, and I heard these words pronounced in my ear:

"Child you may be the next victim to the fell destroyer!"

This completed my overthrow, and my mother shaking me violently by the shoulder, took me home, declaring that I never should go anywhere again, till I knew how to behave myself. When I went to school, the same fate followed me. I received more reprimands, and more punishments than any other six pupils. Once when my teacher had been scolding me, and was just pronouncing the remains of a pinch of snuff adhering to the end of his nose. "Then, alas! woe was to me that day.

When our committee came in school, I was always watching my master's great hands and feet, and the awkward way he had of rolling his head over and hanging out his tongue; and this will require them to eat slower, and the food is better prepared for digestion. If given alone it ferments rapidly in the stomach, produces a general fever, injures the digestive powers, and finally produces a stiffness through the limbs.—When these results are discovered, the remedy is a change of food.—Continued feeding on oats alone will produce the same results as shorts, or meal, as many a founder is caused by it, as by feeding and drinking when the horse is warm. If necessary compels a person to feed a horse on shorts, corn meal, or cob meal, a supply of salt should be added to prevent fermentation in the stomach.

Edward Payson was a youth whom any lady might be proud to love. He was gentle and kind, and for a time I was able to control my laughing genius while with him. My parents really hoped I had begun to improve.

One evening he was usually sober, I unusually gay. He wished for me to converse soberly; I would not and tried to prevent him from doing so. The more sober and grave he became, the higher my spirits rose, till length I was about in the broad expanse of air I leaped from one airy castle to another, till at length my lover, tired and no doubt disgusted, said—

"Amelia," in a husky voice, "I had hoped you were the one to control my destinies, one who would be my companion through life's thick maze—a friend—a wife. But I see my mistake. I am friendless and alone, and I must remain so. Forgive me for thinking

to tame your wild free spirit. You have said it is useless. I believe it. Farewell! hereafter we must meet but as friends."

I was amazed—thunderstruck—but he was gone, I often met him afterwards, but he was reserved and I was always gay and trivial in his presence. "Oh! woman, thou art an enigma when thou feels most deeply thou seemest most gay. People said 'What a match!' and looked upon the thing as settled. One evening he came to me with a solemn countenance and said :

"Amelia, I have an idea in my head."

"Don't that feel funny?" said I, which so frightened the poor man, that he was unable to finish. In like manner, I have stopped two other's confessions. Thus you see that my propensity for making fun has made what I am, a lonely old maid. I have not mourned my flesh on account of it, however, but on the contrary, I have "laughed and grown fat." But still, if some machine could be invented to keep my countenance while I listened to another declaration, I would be most happy to receive both the machine and the declaration.

A SCENE.—Some years since, I witnessed rather a strange scene in Shakspear's beautiful tragedy of Romeo and Juliet. It was at the Westfield theatres. The piece had passed off well without interruption, until the last scene. The character of Romeo was excellently enacted and loudly applauded. The very model of the lover was before the tomb of the Capulets, gazing upon the motionless form of her who had so attracted his soul, and meditating upon committing an act which would send his spirit

How Advertisements:
Something New.—B. & T. Pearson.
Orangeville.—J. Ketchum Jr.
New Goods.—B. Pearson.
Open for Sale.—Dr. Ford.
Card.—Dr. Hackell.
To Farmers.—J. W. Marsden.
Strayed or Stolen.—Robt. Brooks.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday, May 8th, 1858.

General Summary.

The Newmarket and Aurora List of Letters have been unavoidably crowded out of this issue.

A few copies of Mackenzie's Repealer Almanac can be obtained at the New Era Office, by making immediate application. Price 3d. Every person should get one.

We have been requested to state that Mr. S. P. Leavens, (a blind man,) will deliver a Lecture in the Christian Church this (Friday) evening, on the subject of Temperance. Chair to be taken at half-past seven o'clock.

We omitted last week to acknowledge from Mr. B. W. Howard, the receipt of a large cake of Maple Sugar. It was indeed a rich treat. Mr. Howard should prepare an article for the press, to let his neighbors know how maple sugar can be made so white and possess so fine a flavor.

CHINESE POTATO.—Ever since we published an article referring to this valuable substitute for the common potato, parties have been making enquiries where the seed could be obtained. For the information of such, we beg to state that orders left at this office, can have them supplied at 15s per dozen roots.

We perceive by looking over the public accounts that Skellington Connor, Esq., Q.C., received £152 10s for attending the Spring Assizes in Toronto, 1853; while G. A. Phillips, Esq., for performing the same services in the Counties of Ontario, Northumberland, Durham, Peterboro' and Victoria, was only paid £205. 10s. Toronto Lawyers figure high.

Will the Clerks of King and East Gwillimbury Townships be kind enough to let us know when and where their respective Councils meet and hold their next sessions? Parties desirous of seeing us on business, will have an opportunity, whenever the Municipal Councils of King, Whitchurch or East Gwillimbury meet.

Although the O. S. & H. Railroad Company do not advertise with us at present, we do not help noticing a new advertisement in the city dailies of this week,—in which it is stated that on and after the 20th inst., no cordwood will be carried over the road. This step will very much lessen the value of wood in the country distant from Toronto.

On Tuesday evening the Ministry were defeated, on the Separate School Bill, so far as Upper Canada is concerned, by a majority of five; and although such a vote eight years ago would have led the Upper Canada Section of a Cabinet to resign, the present incumbents still retain their places. Wonder what constitutes a Coalition defeat? Who can tell?

The Montreal Pilot says, "A requisition signed by upwards of six hundred electors of the county of Argenteuil, has been presented to Sidney Bellingham, Esq., inviting him to come forward as a candidate for the representation of this county, and he has accepted." He was but an indifferent member up to the time he was unseated this session.

We are indebted to Joseph Hartman, Esq., M. P. P., W. H. Merritt, Esq., M. P. P., Joseph Gould, Esq., M. P. P. and Amos Wright, Esq., M. P. P., for copies of parliamentary papers not supplied by the Clerk of the Assembly. Among these papers we find a copy of the amended Elective Legislative Council Bill, and also several resolutions to be proposed by the Hon. Mr. Merritt to amend the Constitution of this Province.

The Montreal Pilot of Saturday last says:—"On Wednesday last, Townsend the mail robber, who was shot and severely wounded while attempting to escape from New Castle Jail, Philadelphia, a few days since, succeeded in scaling the wall that night, but he ran only three miles when he fell from exhaustion, and was taken to prison. His escape was discovered about 1 a. m., and his course easily followed by the blood from his wounds, which reopened in the effort he made to scale the wall. The physician had dressed the wound but a few hours previous to his escape."

We understand the Township of York, Etobicoke, Toronto and Toronto Gore, Agricultural Societies have joined together for the purpose of having a Turnip Match,—being the best one acre of Sweden. Competitors pay £1 10s entrance fee; and all the money thus collected, after paying expenses, to be divided into three prizes. A capital idea we think! What say the Township Societies of King, North York, and East Gwillimbury, to such a project? The turnips to be judged in the fields. If £1 10s should be considered too high an entrance fee, it might be reduced.

Our contemporary, the Sentinel has replied to an article which appeared in last week's issue, in a sort of wishy-washy manner, without scarcely touching the point at issue. He again makes the charge of personality, and silly enough imagines that we have some private pique towards him. He knows better, and this attempt is merely to evade the question and relieve himself from the dilemma into which his own imprudence led him. In reference to the Era being Mr. Hartman's organ, we have only to state, that so long as he is the man of the Party—so long as he continues to give public satisfaction by the course he pursues, and so long as the people have every assurance of his honesty and integrity, we will support him; but in case of a violation of these obligations, we shall be as ready as any one to condemn him. The Sentinel must be sick.

The Estimates for 1858.

The Estimates for the current year have been laid before the House; but not until the Inspector General's Tariff Bill had passed a second reading. The Opposition protested against granting large amounts of funds, not

knowing for what purpose; but the Government Jackalls, who reap the benefit for Lower Canada, said yes,—and Mr. Cayley was thus enabled to lay, during 1856, four and a half millions of dollars, in the shape of customs duties, upon the farmers and Mechanics of this Province. But here are the estimates; and our readers may draw their own inferences; we would however, call especial attention to the item of £17,500 of interest on debentures issued by the Northern Railroad; also, £18,000 to one Baby; for two old steamboats employed as tug vessels down about Montreal and Quebec; also, £50,000 as Militia supplies. What do we want with a standing army at a cost of £50,000 a year, in Canada? It is a libel on the character of the people.

The estimated revenue for the year is as follows:—

Customs	£1,200,000
Excise	21,000
Public Works	100,000
Territorial	120,000
Bank Imports	22,500
Militia Fines, &c.	20
Fines and Forfeitures, including Seizures	5,000
Casual Revenue	30,000
Law Fee Fund, 12 Vice caps.	63 and 64
Total	£1,605,020
The estimated expenditures are as follows:—	
Interest	£215,000
Sinking Fund	75,000
Common Schools	85,000
Legislation	100,000
Justice	110,000
Militia	50,000
Executive departments	215,000
Post-office deficit	53,000
Grand Trunk interest	227,000
O. S. & H. R. R. do.	17,500
Ocean Steamers	30,000
Tug-Boats	18,000
Penitentiary	11,500
Inferno Asylums	24,000
Hospitals	10,000
Light Houses	16,000
Agricultural Societies	16,000
Public Works (repairs)	36,000
Sundries	195,000
Total	£1,501,235

Representation.

On looking over the daily reports of parliamentary proceedings, we perceive that Petitions are being presented praying for representation according to population: in fact we believe they are pouring in more numerous now, than at the commencement of the Session. The memorable speech of the Hon. Attorney Gen. East, has aroused a spirit in Upper Canada, that time will only efface; and now that the seat of Government is about being permanently established near the plains of Abraham, the only chance the people of this section of the Province have to secure their rights, is to obtain this just demand.—Without obtaining Representation according to Population, our institutions are subject to the control of a party whose sympathies and antique notions are continually at variance with those of Upper Canada. Possibly, with a fair Representation the Union may still be worked to the advantage of both; but even this we very much doubt. The people of the Upper Province are progressive, energetic, enterprising and active; while the inhabitants of Lower Canada are quite the reverse.

The question now arises, as to the time of placing parliamentary Representation on a population basis; and this question cannot long be deferred. While Upper Canada members in the House affirm that the West has a preponderance of inhabitants, the Representative of the East, headed by Mr. Drummond as flatly deny it. This being the position of affairs, the Leader of Tuesday, makes the following suggestions:—No representative of an Upper Canada constituency will venture to oppose a step for the obtaining of information by which alone the dispute as to the ripeness of the question for legislation can be settled. To note that the census be taken every five instead of every ten years, and that change go into operation five years after the census was last taken, will not commit any one to immediate action on the question. Every thing will depend upon the relative numbers in the two sections of the Province. If Upper Canada shall be found to have a large preponderance, there will be no protest for staying off the question. But if, as Mr. DRUMMOND professes to believe, this section of the Province shall be found to have no majority, there will then be no ground for insisting on any present alteration of the representation. If, by any artifice, this necessary action be stayed off till the general election, the question of representation by population will be put at every polling booth in Upper Canada; and we would not give much for the chances of success of those who may have opposed a proposition to get the necessary information for Parliament to act upon. Let no man deceive himself into the belief that, when it is once established that Upper Canada is under all the circumstances, fairly entitled to a relative increase in her representation, it will be possible to resist her demand. This is no local question. We ask nothing of one section of the Province at the expense of the other. It is a great national question which regards Canada as an united country.—

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The estimated revenue for the year is as follows:—

Roman Catholic parents have declared that their own schools were unfit to send their children to. He desired to support the present system, but would free it from the blemish of separate schools. He would support Mr. Papin's amendment.

Mr. Conger was opposed to separate schools. He should oppose the amendment of Mr. Papin as providing entirely free education, and also to the amendment of Mr. Felton; he objected to distinct legislation for Upper and Lower Canada, and at the proper time would move an amendment according to his own views.

Mr. Stevenson spoke at some length in favour of the existing system, and contended that the separate schools as existing, did no harm, and that it would be improper to attempt to force his own views on Roman Catholic parents.

Mr. Chabot moved an amendment striking out the reference to Sarnia.

Mr. Chabot said, to relieve the Company from the obligation to go to Sarnia, would give the idea of the schools being supported without local tax, which made it objectionable to some members. This particular did not however, affect the great significance of Mr. Papin's motion.

Mr. Lyon could see no possible use in these amendments.

The question was put on Mr. Chabot's amendment which was carried, Yeas 68; Nays 21.

A motion to adjourn was then put and carried, Yeas 44; Nays 29.

Adjourned.

Manufacturers are still well engaged, but for new orders they find it difficult to get more than the full rates current last Tuesday. At Glassgow the last week has been marked by an active speculative movement in the pig iron market.

Consols closed on Tuesday at 93 for money.

The final payment of the Consol Loan and Exchequer Bill Fund amounting together to £1,500,000, falls due on Thursday.

NEW MARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket, May 9th, 1858.

The market except in Butter and Eggs, is not very well supplied. Fall Wheat is at 5s a bushel and 5s 3d; but farmers do not feel disposed to sell at that figure. Flour is coming down, having fallen to 6s a bushel with in the past week, to prime to extra. Oats 2s a bushel and 2s 3d; and scarce. Butter 10d a lb very plenty. Several loads of Hay have been sold during the week at prices varying from 15s to 18s per ton.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, May 8th, 1858.

The market is well supplied, Fall Wheat is at 5s a bushel and 5s 3d; but farmers do not feel disposed to sell at that figure. Flour is coming down, having fallen to 6s a bushel with in the past week, to prime to extra. Oats 2s a bushel and 2s 3d; and scarce. Butter 10d a lb very plenty. Several loads of Hay have been sold during the week at prices varying from 15s to 18s per ton.

Special Notices.

TEMPORARY CASES ARE MERE CHILD'S PLAY.—To "Break the Child's" in Fever and Ague, with Dr. JAS. McCLEINTON'S FEVER AND AGUE SODIETIC, is only the first step towards a perfect cure. The patient must continue to take the medicine, in continuation with the ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, until every vestige of the disease is removed, and the Liver completely regenerated. This is root and branch work, and nothing less will suffice. Sold by D. SUTHERLAND.

SIR ASTLEY COOPER'S PILLS.

This most excellent Vegetable medicine is, when taken for the time, and in the manner specified, warranted on oath, to effect a cure.

The fine balsamic and invigorating powers which Sir Astley Cooper's Pills possess, are wonderful; a trial of a single dose will carry conviction that they are all that is necessary to invigorate the feeble, restore the invalid to health, and good in all cases; no fear need be entertained as they are quite harmless.

Epsom Salts are sometimes had recourse to when a purgative is required. If the true nature of Epsom Salts, Selenite Powders, and all calamine aperients, were fully understood, they would never be resorted to—they occasion an excessive secretion and discharge of the natural moisture of the stomach and bowels, and produce watery emotions—the vessels after this unnatural draining, are dried up, and a confined state of the bowels is produced which, if not carefully attended to, produces constipation, and all its train of evils; besides, all salts are cold and gripping to say nothing of the danger of mistaking Oxalic Acid for Salt, which mistake has innumerable instances terminated fatally. Sir Astley Cooper's Mild Apparient Anti-Bilious Pills are now generally established as the favorite Family Medicine.

CATION TO THE PUBLIC.—Observe that on the top of each box of the Genuine Pills, there is an excellent likeness of Sir Astley Cooper; also the fac simile of the signature of MacPhail & Co. Sole Proprietors, London and New York, on the directions. Without these marks of authenticity they are certainly spurious and an imposition. Sold at 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 per box. Full directions are given with each box. There is a great saving by taking the larger sizes.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

LONDON, Tuesday Evening 22d.

The Globe states that Lord Clarendon has declined the appointment of a Marquisate offered to him by Her Majesty.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Money Evening.

Trade improving. In corn little variation, but generally tending downward.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, April 18th.

It is stated that 1,000,000 evtl. of nails, and 100,000 evtl. of axes, ties, &c., can be manufactured in Austria annually.

By telegraphic despatch we learn that the King of Prussia ratified that treaty of peace on Friday last, and that the Turkish ratification left Constantinople on the 14th inst.

CRIMEA.

Letters from the Camp have been received to the 8th inst.

The preparation for the departure of the army continues actively.

NEW ARRIVALS! IN AURORA.

THE undersigned respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of Aurora and the surrounding country, that he has now received and opened, his SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which for variety, style, quality and price, is not equally equalled by country stores.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

In great variety, Bonnets, Ribbons, Parasols, Shawls, &c., &c., also Brocade, Tweeds, Dacquias, Hats, Caps, Hosiery, &c.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Always so hand, and well worthy the inspection of intending purchasers.



TEAS AND GROCERIES.

A general supply, just received, and warranted to be what they are represented. Call and inspect. B. P. hopes by strict attention to business, keeping none but the best articles and selling low to receive a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended.

BENJAMIN PEARSON.

Aurora, May 9, 1856.

6m14

SOMETHING NEW.

THE GEORGE HAWLAY PATENT SHINGLE MACHINE.

FOR Splitting or Riving and Shaving Shingles, may be seen at Benjamin Pearson's Aurora.

It is capable of Making from 2000 to 3000 shingles per hour of superior quality. It works equally well for making headings, and is worked by any power equal to one horse. It may be taken to forest, attached by a belt to a horse power, and make 20,000 per day. It will make more shingles from a given quantity of bolts, of better quality in less time and with less power, than any other machine; and the shingles when made, find a ready sale at high prices in the American Market. It will make fair work out of timber that could not be worked by hand. The machine is all of iron, is very strong and durable and liable to break or get out of order, and so simple in construction and operation that any person of ordinary capacity readily learns to attend it. It has the still further recommendation of being a Canadian Patent.

The subscribers hold the right for the United Counties of York and Peel, and will sell Tonawanda machine rights at great bargains. They will sell a machine and right at a price that the machine will pay its cost every twenty days, together with cost of stock and labor of tending.

All who are anxious to see it work, or may think this statement large, are requested to call and witness its operation for themselves.

BENJAMIN PEARSON.

THOMAS PEARSON.

Aurora, April 11th, 1856.

6m14

TOWN OF STRATFORD.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF REAL ESTATE,

CONSISTING OF
TOWN, VILLAGE AND PARK LOTS,
In and adjoining the Town of Stratford.

E. EMERY has received instructions from the proprietor to submit to Public Competition at the Albion Hotel, Ontario Street, Stratford, on Tuesday, May 13, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following Property, situated in the centre of the rapidly growing Town of Stratford on Huron, Ontario St. Michael and Court Streets,—in all about 35 lots known as the

MILL BLOCK.

Also—Lots in Michel, Guelph and Berlin; also Lots on the Main Streets in the best localities for business, in the Town of Stratford; also

130 Building and Park Lots,

Containing from a quarter to two acres each, immediately adjoining the town limits, forming one of the best lots for residence within many miles of Stratford. They are situated on the main streets to the Depot, and on the street leading to Woodstock.

Bedford and Windsor Trouser Cords, American Satinets, Drills, &c.

Plain Satin Vesting, New Style of Fancy Check Silk Vesting, White and Figured Marcella.

Working Oxen for Sale.

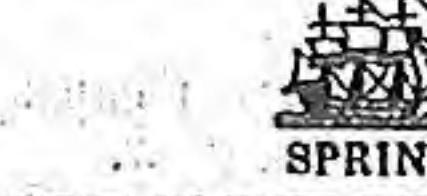
FOR SALE, Two Yoke of Working Oxen. If not disposed of on or before Tuesday next, they will be sent to another market.

Apply to

ORIN WALTON.

Newmarket, May 9, 1856.

1m14



IMPORTATIONS !!

At Aurora and Sharon.

THE subscribers are receiving a very large stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Ex-steamers Canada and Cambria, direct from the Manufacturers in Europe. A select stock of Prints, Printed Muslins, Muslin's de Laines, Alpacas, French Marlines, Brocades, Lustres, Silk Trimmings, Hosiery and Gloves.

Also Bleached and unbleached Sheetings, Corduroy, Moleskins, and Cotton Drills for Pants, Flax Clothiers, Drapery, Tweeds, Broadcloths, &c.

Also, from Boston and New York, Sarees, Tickings.

Colton Twist, Carpet-Warp, and Hartford Remnants.

A choice Stock of Fresh TEA'S, COFFEE, SUGAR,

Sugar-House Syrup, and Family Groceries. Paints, Oils, Burning Fluid, Fluid Lamp and Wick,

American Hardware,

Boston Cut Nails, Boots, Shoes and Garters, &c., &c., CARPETS, of the best quality and Extremly Cheap.

Also for Sale at C. Doans, at Aurora, 1 Heavy Spring Wagon, 1 Truck Wagon,

Over-shot Threshing Machine & Separator, Vegetable Cutters, Corn Shellers, &c.

CHAS. DOAN & CO., SHARON,
CHARLES DOAN, AURORA.

May 1st, 1856.

1f-13



Donald Sutherland,

WISHES respectfully to inform his customers and the public, that he has now received his SPRING SUPPLIES of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Which for cheapness, variety and novelty of fashion, cannot be surpassed.

All Goods marked in plain Figures.—One Price Strictly adhered to. The stock consists, in part, of Silks,

Shawls,

Dresses,

Bonnets,

Ribbons,

Laces,

Flowers,

Hosiery, Gloves

Parasols, &c.

Lady's Dress Trimings,

Carpets, Damasks, and a great variety of

STRAWS & COODS.

ALSO

An extensive assortment of West of England, French and German,

BROADCLOTHS.

Black and Colored Cambric, Dacquias, Tweeds, and Summer Coatings.

Bedford and Windsor Trouser Cords, American Satinets, Drills, &c.

Plain Satin Vesting, New Style of Fancy Check Silk Vesting, White and Figured Marcella.

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Shawls,

Dresses,

Bonnets,

Ribbons,

Laces,

Flowers,

Hosiery, Gloves

Parasols, &c.

Groceries and Hardware,

Carpenters' Tools,

Chins, Crockery,

Glassware, &c.,

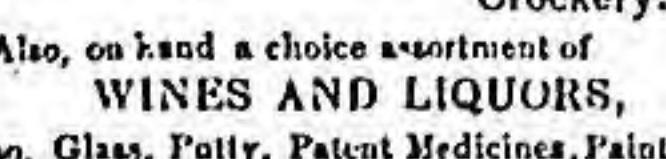
Always on hand, of every description.

The Highest Price given for PRODUCE is exchanged for Goods, and

CASH FOR WHEAT!

Water Street Newmarket, April 17th, 1856.

1f-11



Kettleby Mills !

Goods at the very Lowest medium Prices,

Such as Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware,

Stone Ware and Crockery.

Also, on hand a choice assortment of WINES AND LIQUORS,

Also, Glass, Pottery, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs.

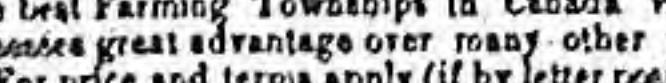
Farm Produce taken at time's prices in exchange for goods.

The subscriber is returning thanks to his friends, and customers in general for their past liberal patronage, begs respectfully to call their attention to the above Stock, which will be sold at the lowest compelling prices.

JACOB WALTON.

Kettleby, April 22nd, 1856.

1f-12



OTTERVILLE

A VILLAGE LOT for \$100 in the thriving Village of Otterville, situated in the Township of North-West, County of Oxford, and known as Lot No. 10, on Dover Street. As there is a Railroad from Woodstock to Port Dover and Buffalo, and as the place is situated between a Lumbering and one of the best Farming Townships in Canada West, it possesses great advantages over many other places.

For price and terms apply (if by letter post paid) to JACOB WALTON,

Kettleby Mills, April 22, 1856.

1f-12

Post Master.

Kettleby Mills, April 22, 1856.

Announcement.

[Published by request.]

A Ballad for the Times.

The following Ballad is most respectfully dedicated to the Ward Buyers' Mercantile, &c., of Bradford, by one of the DISCONSOLATE WHEAT-HOLDERS.

O'er me! to be sure what a sad lamentation,
Is heard from the farmers and neighbors
around;
Peace is proclaimed, and the War is being
over;
The prices of produce are fast coming down.

But what is the cause of their griefs and repining?
They miss'd a good market 'tis known very
well;

Some two months ago when Wheat was ten
shillings.
The die'd a one bushel the farmers would
sell.

They said they'd be foolish to give it for nothing.

To have its full value they were fully bound;
They said, war with Russia is only beginning,
We'll get fifteen shillings, or may be a pound.

Full sure of success, they made with speculations,
Their wives and their daughters they deck'd in
first style—

The best of silk dresses, new bonnets and
laces,
Not dreaming that wheat would come down
for a while.

Some purchased new cutters and robes for the
winter,
To drive out with comfort and ease on the
snow.

Some more ordered buggies well cushion'd for
summer,

Their increase of riches and splendor to show.

Some others bought land at exorbitant prices,
Large yearly installments they promised to pay;

They said we can easily meet our engagements—
The prices of produce increase every day.

Some for their Wheat refused eight or ten shillings,
They thought that too little, so left it in store;

But when they went back 'twas but six and
three pence,

And all their enterprizes could gain them no
more.

Severe was the stroke on those bold speculators,
And sad was the news they brought home to
their friends;

Their payments were due, and their purses
were empty.

Their wheat lay at home unsold in their bins.

To do without money is not in their power,
They are meditating what course to pursue!

The most they can get for their wheat is a dollar,
They swear it's too little, but what can they do.

Some said they would borrow, whilst others in
sorrow

Put on a long face and began to lament—

"The war it is over, were ruined forever,

We must borrow money, and pay ten per
cent."

Kind fortune protect them, that God may direct
them

In future tell when they get a good chance;

Their wide speculations now cause them vexation—

They must pay the piper, who ever may
dance!

Ajala, April 28th, 1859.

The editor of an Ohio paper publishes the
names of his subscribers who pay up regularly,
under the head of "Legion of Honor."

"Did you know," said a cunning Yankee to
a Jew, "that they hang Jews and donkeys
together in Poland?" "Indeed! then it is
well that you and I are not there," retorted
the Jew.

When George III. was told that Wolf
was quite unfit to command, and was, in fact,
a madman, the monarch replied—Mad—mad—
mad! Wolf mad! Wish he'd bitten some
of the other generals!"

Is the editor in? asked a stranger yester-
day, of a gentleman who was in the sanctum
of a printing office, down street. "There,
sir,—there he is," said the latter, pointing to a
pair of scissors on the Table.

ADVERTISEMENTS.**ESTATE OF THE LATE
Robert Kirkpatrick.**

THE Undersigned, duly appointed by law, to
administer the Estate of her late husband,
and all parties indebted to the said Estate to make
payment without delay; and all parties having
claims, to send in the same for settlement.

(Signed) MARY KIRKPATRICK,
Administrator.

Newmarket, March 24, 1859.

The Stock in Trade selling off at prime Cost, &c.

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